Brian D. Malachowsky

## H.B. 664 132nd General Assembly (As Introduced)

Rep. Ramos

#### **BILL SUMMARY**

- Prohibits a subdivision (municipal corporation, township, or county) from materially hindering or preventing its personnel from carrying and using naloxone.
- Prohibits disbursing funds in the state's possession or custody to a subdivision that violates the above prohibition.
- Provides that the bill's provisions have no impact on subdivision residents obtaining payment from the state.

#### CONTENT AND OPERATION

# Subdivisions cannot prohibit their personnel regarding naloxone

The bill prohibits subdivisions (municipal corporations, townships, or counties<sup>1</sup>) from restricting their personnel's access or use of naloxone. Specifically, it prohibits a subdivision from enacting or maintaining an ordinance, policy, directive, rule, or resolution that would materially hinder or prevent a subdivision officer or employee from either:

- Obtaining, maintaining, or accessing naloxone; or
- Administering naloxone to an individual who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R.C. 9.64(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R.C. 9.64(B).

### Consequence for a subdivision's violation

The bill provides that, regardless of any conflicting law, the state may not disburse any funds in its possession or custody to a subdivision that violates the above prohibition.<sup>3</sup>

### No consequence to residents

The bill states that its provisions have no impact on a subdivision resident obtaining payment from the state.<sup>4</sup>

## Naloxone background

The drug naloxone, commonly known by the brand name Narcan, can reverse the effects of an opioid overdose.<sup>5</sup> It counteracts the respiratory and central nervous system depression caused by the overdose, allowing the victim to breathe normally.<sup>6</sup>

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HISTORY		
ACTION	DATE	
Introduced	05-22-18	
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R.C. 9.64(C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> R.C. 9.64(D).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> U.S. National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health, *Naloxone Injection*, available at <a href="https://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/druginfo/meds/a612022.html">www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/druginfo/meds/a612022.html</a> (last visited June 12, 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and World Health Organization, *Opioid overdose: preventing and reducing opioid overdose mortality*, at p. 7, available at <a href="https://www.who.int/substance-abuse/publications/opioid\_overdose.pdf?ua=1">www.who.int/substance-abuse/publications/opioid\_overdose.pdf?ua=1</a> (last visited June 12, 2018).