Jeff Hobday

H.B. 778 132nd General Assembly (As Introduced)

Rep. Gavarone

BILL SUMMARY

Prohibits a court from ordering a criminal defendant to undergo inpatient competency evaluations at certain facilities operated or certified by the state, unless the defendant is charged with a felony or an offense of violence.

CONTENT AND OPERATION

Procedure for court-ordered competency examinations

If the issue of a criminal defendant's competence to stand trial is raised or a defendant enters a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity, a court may order one or more evaluations of the defendant's present mental condition or, in the case of a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity, of the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense charged. If a court orders an evaluation, the defendant must be available at the times and places established by the examiners who are to conduct the evaluation.¹

The bill prohibits a court from ordering a defendant to undergo inpatient competency evaluations at a center, program, or facility operated by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS) or the Department of Developmental Disabilities (DODD), unless the defendant is charged with a felony or an offense of violence. Generally, an evaluation ordered by a municipal court must be conducted through community resources, such as a certified forensic center, court probation department, or community mental health services provider. A defendant who has not been released on bail or recognizance may be evaluated at the place of detention.²

² R.C. 2945.37(H) and 2945.371(D)(1) and (E).

¹ R.C. 2945.371(A) and (C)(1).

If a defendant is charged with a felony or an offense of violence, the following provisions in current law would continue to apply:³

- (1) If a defendant who has been released on bail or recognizance refuses to submit to a competency examination, the court may order the sheriff to take the defendant into custody and deliver the defendant to a center, program, or facility operated or certified by DMHAS or DODD.
- (2) If a defendant has not been released on bail or recognizance, upon the examiner's request, the court may order the sheriff to transport the defendant to a program or facility operated or certified by DMHAS or DODD. However, a municipal court may order the inpatient evaluation only upon the request of a certified forensic center examiner.
- (3) In both circumstances above, the defendant may be held for inpatient evaluation for a reasonable period of time not exceeding 20 days.

HISTORY	
ACTION	DATE
Introduced	11-28-18

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³ R.C. 2945.371(C)(2) and (D)(2).

