

## OHIO LEGISLATIVE SERVICE COMMISSION

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# Fiscal Note & Local Impact Statement

Bill: H.B. 484 of the 132nd G.A. Status: As Reported by House State and Local Government

Sponsor: Rep. Brenner Local Impact Statement Procedure Required: No

**Subject:** Authorizes health districts to use credit cards

### State & Local Fiscal Highlights

- Boards of health that allow employees to use a district credit card could realize a
  minimal increase in administrative costs to develop a written policy and complete
  quarterly reports. There could also be minimal costs for the custodian of the health
  fund to file an annual report detailing credit card rewards.
- Local courts may realize an increase in costs related to cases of misuse of credit cards; however, these costs may be partially offset by fines or court costs imposed on offenders. Total costs would depend on the number of violations.

#### **Detailed Fiscal Analysis**

The bill permits a board of health of a city or general health district to authorize an officer or employee to use a district credit card. The bill specifies that, not later than three months after the bill's effective date, a board of health must adopt a written policy regarding the use of the credit cards. The policy must include provisions outlining the officers or positions authorized to use credit card accounts, the types of expenses for which a credit card may be used, and the procedure for submitting itemized receipts to the custodian of the health fund of the health district or the custodian's designee, among others.

The bill specifies that if the custodian of the health fund does not retain general possession and control of the credit card account, the board of health must appoint a compliance officer to perform the required duties outlined in the bill. The board and the compliance officer, if applicable, must perform a quarterly review of the number of cards and accounts issued, the number of active cards and accounts issued, and the cards' and accounts' expiration dates and credit limits. If the custodian of the health fund retains general possession and control of the credit card account, the custodian may use a system to sign out credit cards to authorized users. The bill specifies that the use of a credit card account for expenses beyond those authorized by the board of health constitutes misuse of a credit card account. The custodian of the health fund of the health district or the custodian's designee is required to annually file a report with

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the board of health detailing all rewards received based on the use of the health district's credit card account.

The bill specifies that the officer or employee is liable personally and through official bonds and must reimburse the health fund of the health district the amount for which the officer or employee does not provide itemized receipts. The bill also specifies that a card user who knowingly misuses a card may be guilty of a criminal offense.

Lastly, the bill permits a health district to identify itself as a health district, health department, department of health, or a name including the term "public health."

#### **Fiscal impact**

The bill would allow employees to use a district credit card rather than personal finances to pay for certain expenses included in a board's credit card policy. According to the Association of Ohio Health Commissioners, employees of local health districts are currently reimbursed for these expenses. As a result, there should be no additional costs incurred as a result of the bill since boards would pay credit card statements instead of reimbursing employees for costs. However, there could be some administrative costs to develop the required usage policy, as well as for the custodian of the health fund to file an annual report with the board of health detailing credit card rewards. There could also be additional administrative costs for a compliance officer or board of health to complete a quarterly review of the credit card account.

Local courts may realize an increase in court costs related to cases of misuse of funds; however, these costs may be partially offset by fines or court costs imposed on any offenders. There could also be local incarceration costs. Any court or incarceration costs would depend on the number of violations.