

# Ohio Legislative Service Commission

Office of Research and Drafting Legislative Budget Office

H.B. 518 134<sup>th</sup> General Assembly **Bill Analysis** 

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Version: As Reported by House Civil Justice

Primary Sponsor: Rep. Hoops

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# SUMMARY

# **Fulton County Municipal Court**

- Abolishes the Fulton County County Court with two part-time judges, effective January 1, 2024.
- Effective January 1, 2023, abolishes the part-time judgeship in the Fulton County County Court originally elected in 1980; effective January 1, 2024, abolishes the part-time judgeship in the Fulton County County Court originally elected in 1982.
- Establishes in the municipal corporation of Wauseon the Fulton County Municipal Court beginning January 1, 2024, with jurisdiction within Fulton County, and provides that one full-time judge of the Fulton County Municipal Court is to be elected in 2023.
- Requires the Fulton County Municipal Court to establish a branch office in the municipal corporation of Swanton and to appoint a special deputy clerk to administer the branch office on a full-time basis with compensation according to applicable law payable out of the treasury of Fulton County.
- Requires the judge of the Fulton County Municipal Court to sit within each of the municipal corporations of Wauseon and Swanton on a weekly basis.
- Specifies that cases arising within Wauseon and within specified townships in Fulton County must be filed in the office of the clerk of the court located in Wauseon, and specifies that cases arising in Swanton and within specified townships in Fulton County must be filed in the office of the special deputy clerk located in Swanton.
- Requires the Fulton County prosecuting attorney, beginning January 1, 2024, to prosecute all violations of state law arising within the unincorporated areas of Fulton County.
- Specifies transition provisions, effective January 1, 2024, from the Fulton County County Court to the Fulton County Municipal Court.

# Hamilton County Municipal Court

 Makes it permissive, instead of mandatory under current law, for the presiding judge of the Hamilton County Municipal Court to assign two or more of the judges of the Court to sit outside Cincinnati.

## **Toledo Municipal Court Housing Division**

- Expands the jurisdiction of the Toledo Municipal Court Housing Division to include any review or appeal of a final administrative order relating to a building, housing, air pollution, sanitation, health, fire, zoning, or safety code or regulation.
- Generally grants the Toledo Municipal Court Housing Division concurrent jurisdiction with the court of common pleas in criminal actions related to air, ground, or water pollution.

# **DETAILED ANALYSIS**

#### **Fulton County County Court**

Under current law, the Fulton County County Court has one part-time judge who was originally elected in 1980, and one part-time judge who was originally elected in 1982.<sup>1</sup> The part-time judgeship originally elected in 1980 was last elected in 2016. The part-time judgeship originally elected in 1982 was last elected in 2018.

The bill abolishes the Fulton County County Court effective January 1, 2024.<sup>2</sup> Effective January 1, 2023, the bill abolishes the part-time judgeship in the Fulton County County Court originally elected in 1980. Effective January 1, 2024, the bill abolishes the part-time judgeship in the Fulton County Court originally elected in 1982.<sup>3</sup>

# **Fulton County Municipal Court**

The bill establishes a municipal court in the municipal corporation of Wauseon and provides that that municipal court, beginning January 1, 2024, is to be styled and known as the "Fulton County Municipal Court."<sup>4</sup> Effective on that date, the Fulton County Municipal Court is included in the definition of "county operated municipal court."<sup>5</sup> One full-time judge of the Fulton County Municipal Court is to be elected in 2023.<sup>6</sup>

<sup>6</sup> R.C. 1901.08.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R.C. 1907.11(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R.C. 1907.11(A) and Section 3(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 3(D).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> R.C. 1901.01(A) and 1901.02(A)(34).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> R.C. 1901.03(F).

#### **Territorial jurisdiction**

The bill provides that beginning January 1, 2024, the Fulton County Municipal Court has jurisdiction within Fulton County.<sup>7</sup>

#### **Branch office**

The bill requires the Fulton County Municipal Court to establish a branch office in the municipal corporation of Swanton and to appoint a special deputy clerk to administer the branch office on a full-time basis. The special deputy clerk must take the oath of office, perform the duties appertaining to the office of the clerk of court as the court prescribes, and receive such compensation payable in either biweekly installments or semimonthly installments, as determined by the payroll administrator, and payable out of the treasury of the county in which the court is located which is Fulton County.<sup>8</sup>

#### Court sitting outside municipal corporation

The bill requires the judge of the Fulton County Municipal Court to sit within each of the municipal corporations of Wauseon and Swanton on a weekly basis. Cases that arise within Wauseon and within Chesterfield, Clinton, Dover, Franklin, German, and Gorham townships in Fulton County must be filed in the office of the clerk of the court located in Wauseon. Cases that arise in Swanton and within Amboy, Fulton, Pike, Swan Creek, Royalton, and York townships must be filed in the office of the special deputy clerk located in Swanton.<sup>9</sup>

#### **Criminal prosecutions**

Under current law, with certain exceptions, the village solicitor, city director of law, or similar chief legal officer for each municipal corporation within the territory of a municipal court of the municipal corporation in which a municipal court is located must prosecute all criminal cases brought before the court arising in the unincorporated areas within the territory of the municipal court.<sup>10</sup> Some of the exceptions require the Carroll County, Crawford County, Hamilton County, Madison County, and Wayne County prosecuting attorneys and, beginning January 1, 2008, the Erie County prosecuting attorney, to prosecute all violations of state law arising within the unincorporated areas of their respective counties.<sup>11</sup> The bill expands these exceptions by requiring the Fulton County prosecuting attorney, beginning January 1, 2024, to prosecute all violations of state law arising within the unincorporated areas of state law arising within the unincorporated areas of state law arising within the unincorporated areas of state law arising within the fulton County prosecuting attorney.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> R.C. 1901.02(B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> R.C. 1901.311(A) and (C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> R.C. 1901.021(O).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> R.C. 1901.34(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> R.C. 1901.34(B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> R.C. 1901.34(B).

#### **Transition provisions**

The bill requires all causes, judgments, executions, and other proceedings pending in the Fulton County Court at the close of business on December 31, 2023, to be transferred to and proceed in the Fulton County Municipal Court on January 1, 2024, as if originally instituted in the Fulton County Municipal Court. The Clerk of the Fulton County County Court or other custodian must transfer to the Fulton County Municipal Court all pleadings, orders, entries, dockets, bonds, papers, records, books, exhibits, files, moneys, property, and persons that belong to, are in the possession of, or are subject to the jurisdiction of the Fulton County Court, or any officer of that court, that pertain to those causes, judgments, executions, and proceedings at the close of business on December 31, 2023. All employees of the Fulton County Courty Court on January 1, 2024.<sup>13</sup>

Effective January 1, 2023, the part-time judgeship in the Fulton County County Court originally elected in 1980 must be abolished. Effective January 1, 2024, the part-time judgeship in the Fulton County County Court originally elected in 1982 must be abolished.<sup>14</sup>

# Hamilton County Municipal Court

Under continuing law, generally, the judge or judges of any municipal court having territorial jurisdiction outside the corporate limits of the municipal corporation in which it is located may sit outside the corporate limits of the municipal corporation within the area of its territorial jurisdiction.<sup>15</sup>

Current law requires that two or more of the judges of the Hamilton County Municipal Court be assigned by the presiding judge of the court to sit outside the municipal corporation of Cincinnati.<sup>16</sup> The bill makes it permissive, instead of mandatory, for the presiding judge of the Hamilton County Municipal Court to assign two or more of the judges of that court to sit outside Cincinnati.<sup>17</sup>

# **Toledo Municipal Court Housing Division**

#### **Review of administrative orders**

The bill expands the jurisdiction of the Housing Division of the Toledo Municipal Court within its territory to include any review or appeal of any final order of any administrative officer, agency, board, department, tribunal, commission, or other instrumentality that relates to a local building, housing, air pollution, sanitation, health, fire, zoning, or safety code,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Section 3(B) and (C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 3(D).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> R.C. 1901.021(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> R.C. 1901.021(B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> R.C. 1901.021(B).

ordinance, or regulation in the same manner and to the same extent as in similar appeals in the court of common pleas.<sup>18</sup>

### **Criminal cases related to environmental pollution**

The bill grants the Housing Division of the Toledo Municipal Court concurrent jurisdiction with the court of common pleas in all criminal actions or proceedings related to the pollution of the air, ground, or water within the territory of the municipal court, for which a sentence of death cannot be imposed under the homicide and assault laws.<sup>19</sup>

# HISTORY

Action	Date
Introduced	12-16-21
Reported, H. Civil Justice	03-02-22

ANHB0518RH-134/ar

<sup>18</sup> R.C. 1901.181(C)(1).

<sup>19</sup> R.C. 1901.181(C)(2).