

Ohio Legislative Service Commission

Final Analysis

Mackenzie Damon

H.B. 155

131st General Assembly (As Passed by the General Assembly)

- **Reps.** Dever and Conditt, Amstutz, Anielski, Becker, Boyd, Brown, Buchy, Derickson, DeVitis, Dovilla, Driehaus, Duffey, Ginter, Grossman, Hall, Hambley, Hayes, Henne, Huffman, Koehler, Landis, LaTourette, Lepore-Hagan, Maag, Manning, McClain, Patmon, Patterson, Ramos, Retherford, Romanchuk, Ryan, Schuring, Sears, Slesnick, Sweeney, Terhar, Zeltwanger, Antani, Antonio, Baker, Barnes, Bishoff, Blessing, Boose, Brenner, Burkley, Butler, Clyde, Craig, Cupp, Fedor, Gerberry, Gonzales, Green, Hackett, Hagan, Howse, G. Johnson, T. Johnson, Kraus, Kuhns, Kunze, Leland, McColley, M. O'Brien, S. O'Brien, Pelanda, Phillips, Reece, Reineke, Rezabek, Rogers, Ruhl, Schaffer, Slaby, Stinziano, Strahorn, Thompson, Vitale, Rosenberger
- Sens. Bacon, Balderson, Beagle, Brown, Burke, Coley, Eklund, Gardner, Hite, Hottinger, Hughes, Jones, Jordan, Lehner, Manning, Obhof, Oelslager, Patton, Peterson, Sawyer, Schiavoni, Seitz, Tavares, Thomas, Uecker, Widener, Williams, Yuko

Effective date: October 15, 2015

ACT SUMMARY

Qualified ABLE program

- Provides for the establishment, pursuant to federal law authorization, of the "Achieve a Better Living Experience" (ABLE) program in Ohio to encourage individuals and families to provide funding to assist disabled persons to maintain a healthy, independent, and quality lifestyle.
- Models the ABLE program after the qualified tuition programs authorized under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, including the creation of tax-advantaged ABLE accounts to benefit designated beneficiaries who meet certain disability eligibility requirements established in federal law.
- Requires the Treasurer of State to implement and administer the ABLE program.

^{*} This version updates the list of sponsors.

ABLE accounts

- Permits a designated beneficiary or the beneficiary's trustee or guardian to apply, on a form provided by the Treasurer, to open an account to pay for qualified disability expenses of the beneficiary.
- Limits contributions to ABLE accounts to only cash and establishes (1) a maximum annual contribution limited to the federal gift tax exclusion amount and (2) a maximum account value limit that is tied to the maximum established by the Ohio Tuition Trust Authority for the College Advantage Direct 529 Savings Plan.
- Exempts ABLE accounts from state and local means-tests for public assistance and excludes accounts from consideration for Medicaid eligibility.
- Exempts ABLE accounts from execution, garnishment, attachment, or sale to satisfy a judgment or order, but subjects the accounts to the Medicaid estate recovery program.
- Limits a beneficiary to a maximum of one ABLE account, but permits the transfer of an account to another designated beneficiary that meets federal eligibility requirements.
- Requires each distribution to be reported to the IRS and each account owner, the designated beneficiary, or the distributee to the extent provided in federal law.
- Requires statements to be provided each quarter to the account owner and requires separate accounting for each designated beneficiary.

Treasurer's responsibilities for ABLE program creation

- Requires the Treasurer to take various actions, listed in the act, that are necessary to implement and administer an ABLE account program, including seeking rulings from the IRS; developing rules, forms, and marketing plans; and establishing procedures for disbursements and the payment of administrative costs.
- Requires the Treasurer to contract, through a management contract or series of contracts that meet requirements established in the act, with one or more financial organizations to act as managers and depositories under the ABLE program.
- Provides procedures for when a manager's contract expires or is terminated by the Treasurer.



- Permits the Treasurer to enter into agreements with other states that permit their residents to participate in Ohio's ABLE program, and for Ohioans to participate in other states' programs.
- Permits the Treasurer and managers under the ABLE program to charge various fees as provided in the act.
- Provides that the ABLE program does not create an obligation upon the Treasurer, the state, or any state agency to guarantee to any account owner or designated beneficiary a return on principal or a rate or payment of interest on any account.
- Permits the following agencies to share information, to the extent permitted in federal law, about eligible individuals for purposes of the ABLE program: Treasurer; Departments of Medicaid, Job and Family Services, Health, Mental Health and Addiction Services, Developmental Disabilities, and Aging; and Opportunities for Ohioans with Disabilities.

Advisory Board

- Creates the nine-member ABLE Account Program Advisory Board for the purpose of reviewing, advising, and making recommendations to the Treasurer regarding the ABLE Program.
- Requires the Advisory Board, in consultation with the Treasurer, to prepare an annual report of its activities and recommendations, and permits the Advisory Board to prepare additional reports of its activities and recommendations, for the Governor, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate.

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CONTENT AND OPERATION

Qualified ABLE program

In order to encourage individuals and families to provide funding to assist disabled persons so that they may maintain a healthy, independent, and quality lifestyle, federal law creates a savings account program that is modeled after the qualified tuition programs authorized under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.¹ The program, called the "Achieve a Better Living Experience" (ABLE) program, permits states to provide for the establishment of tax-favored ABLE accounts to provide assistance to disabled persons who are the account beneficiaries. Consistent with federal requirements, the act requires the Treasurer of State to implement and administer an ABLE program in Ohio that allows individuals to open ABLE accounts.² The act also allows the Treasurer to enter into agreements with other states to allow their residents to participate in Ohio's ABLE program, and for Ohioans to participate in other states' programs.³ Additionally, the General Assembly declares its intent that the ABLE program, as established in the act, comply with and conform to federal statute and rules authorizing the program.⁴ Discussed below are the act's provisions regarding the specific requirements and limitations on ABLE accounts, creation of the ABLE program, and the creation of the ABLE Account Program Advisory Board.

⁴ Section 3.

¹ Stephen Beck, Jr., Achieving a Better Life Experience Act of 2014, P.L. 113-295, Sec. 101(1) (2014).

² R.C. 113.51(A).

³ R.C. 113.51(B).

ABLE accounts

Eligibility to open an ABLE account

The act incorporates eligibility requirements from federal law.⁵ Under federal law, an individual is an "eligible individual" under the program if the individual is eligible for Social Security benefits based on blindness or disability and the blindness or disability occurred before the individual turned age 26. Alternatively, an "eligible individual" could be an individual who certifies (1) to having a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that began prior to turning age 26, which results in marked and severe functional limitations, which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for at least twelve months, or (2) to being blind. The disability certification must be filed with the Secretary for each taxable year.⁶

Creation

The act permits a designated beneficiary, or a trustee or guardian of a designated beneficiary who lacks capacity to apply to open an ABLE account. Under the act, a "designated beneficiary" is an eligible individual who is a resident of Ohio whose qualified disability expenses may be paid from an ABLE account.⁷ "Qualified disability expenses" are any expenses related to the eligible individual's blindness or disability that are made for the benefit of the individual, including, for example, the following expenses: education, housing, transportation, employment training and support, assistive technology and personal support services, legal fees, and other expenses approved by federal regulation and consistent with the federal law.⁸

A designated beneficiary may have only one account and must be an eligible individual at the time the account is opened.⁹ An application must also contain all of the following, on a form prescribed by the Treasurer:

- The name, address, Social Security number, and birth date of the account owner;
- If the account owner is not the designated beneficiary, the name, address, and Social Security number of the beneficiary;

⁵ R.C. 113.50(D).

⁶ 26 U.S.C. 529A(e)(1) and (2).

⁷ R.C. 113.50(C).

⁸ 26 U.S.C. 529A(e)(5).

⁹ R.C. 113.53(A) and (B)(1).

- Certification by the applicant of understanding of the maximum account value and the consequences for excess contributions (discussed below);
- Any additional information required by the Treasurer.¹⁰

Before opening an account the Treasurer or program manager must enter into an agreement with the account owner that discloses the requirements and restrictions on contributions and withdrawals from the account. Once opened, any person may make contributions, subject to federal law.¹¹

Contributions

The act and federal law limit contributions to ABLE accounts to only cash.¹²

Maximum values - annual contributions

Federal law permits annual contributions to an ABLE account only up to the limit that would be excluded from federal gift tax.¹³ The annual exclusion for 2014 and 2015 is \$14,000. The exclusion amount is adjusted annually pursuant to federal law. The act requires the Treasurer or program manager to reject or promptly withdraw a contribution if it would exceed the annual limit.¹⁴

Maximum values - total value

The act includes a maximum account value for an ABLE account, to be established by the Ohio Tuition Trust Authority.¹⁵ The maximum amount is calculated to be the maximum amount that may be necessary to pay for the qualified higher education expenses of a beneficiary, consistent with 26 U.S.C. 529. As of January 1, 2015, the maximum is \$414,000. Once the maximum amount is reached in an ABLE account, the Treasurer or program manager must reject or promptly withdraw additional contributions.

¹⁵ R.C. 113.50(G).



¹⁰ R.C. 113.53(A).

¹¹ R.C. 113.53(B)(1) and (2).

¹² R.C. 113.53(C) and 26 U.S.C. 529A(b)(2)(A).

¹³ 26 U.S.C. 529A(b)(2)(B).

¹⁴ R.C. 113.53(C).

No longer eligible

The act also requires the Treasurer or program manager to reject or promptly withdraw a contribution if the designated beneficiary is not an eligible individual in the current calendar year.¹⁶

Advantageous treatment

Tax benefits

Under federal law, contributions placed into ABLE accounts are exempt from federal gift tax, up to the annual limit. Additionally, funds that are disbursed for qualified disability expenses are excluded from gross income for the purposes of the federal income tax.¹⁷ However, a disbursement made for an unqualified payment is subject to income tax and a penalty; the tax imposed on a disqualified disbursement is increased 10%.¹⁸

The federal income tax exclusion has the effect of excluding ABLE distributions from Ohio income taxation to the same extent because Ohio taxable income is based largely on those income items included in federal gross income. The federal exclusion, which took effect December 19, 2014, and applies to taxable years beginning after 2014, would have been incorporated into Ohio law by H.B. 19 of the 131st General Assembly.

Exclusion from means testing

The act exempts the contributions to, amounts in, and any distributions from, ABLE accounts from being considered in determinations for state and local meanstested public assistance programs and the maximum amount of assistance a person may receive under those programs. This exemption permits a savings fund for the individual, while maintaining access to public assistance. However, the exclusion only applies to (1) the account owner or designated beneficiary, or (2) an individual whose eligibility for the means-tested program is conditioned on the ABLE account's account owner or designated beneficiary disclosing the owner's or beneficiary's income, resources, or both to the entity administering the means-tested assistance program.¹⁹

¹⁶ R.C. 113.53(C).

¹⁷ 26 U.S.C. 529A(c)(1)(B).

¹⁸ 26 U.S.C. 529A(c)(3)(A).

¹⁹ R.C. 113.53(H).

Federal law excludes an ABLE account from calculations for Medicaid eligibility.²⁰ For example, current Ohio Medicaid rules disqualify a single person with a disability with more than \$1,500 in liquid assets.²¹ An ABLE account would be excluded from the \$1,500 calculation, and would not disqualify the individual from Medicaid.

Exemption from execution or attachment

The act generally excludes ABLE accounts from execution, garnishment, attachment, or sale to satisfy a judgment or order.²² However, ABLE accounts are subject to claims made under the Medicaid estate recovery program. This program permits the Department of Medicaid to recoup costs related to care for certain individuals.²³

Transferability

The act permits, to the extent authorized under federal law, the changing of the designated beneficiary to another individual. The act also prohibits pledging of interest as a security for a loan.²⁴

Distributions

The act requires distributions from an ABLE account to any individual or for the benefit of any individual to be reported to the IRS and each account owner, the designated beneficiary, or the distributee to the extent required under law.²⁵

Statements and accounting

The act requires statements to be provided to each account owner within thirty days of the end of each quarter. Statements must include the following, as of the end of the previous quarter: identity of the contributions, the total contributions made, the value of the account, distributions made, and any other information that the Treasurer may require. The statements and information relating to accounts must be prepared and

- ²⁴ R.C. 113.53(D).
- ²⁵ R.C. 113.53(E)(1).

²⁰ P.L. 113-295, Sec. 103(b)(2) (2014).

²¹ O.A.C. 5160:1-3-27.

²² R.C. 113.53(G) and 2329.66(A)(10)(c) and (e).

²³ R.C. 5162.21, not in the act.

filed to the extent required by the act and any other state or federal law. The act also requires separate accounting for each designated beneficiary.²⁶

Treasurer's responsibilities for ABLE program creation

The Treasurer must do all of the following to implement and administer the ABLE program in Ohio:

- Develop and implement a program for ABLE accounts in Ohio, including the adoption of any necessary administrative rules;
- Engage the services of consultants on a contract basis for rendering professional and technical assistance and advice;
- Seek rulings and other guidance from the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) relating to the ABLE program;
- Modify the program as necessary to qualify for the federal income tax benefits or treatment provided under 26 U.S.C. 529A and federal rules;
- Develop marketing plans and promotional materials to publicize the program;
- Establish the procedures by which funds held in accounts shall be disbursed;
- Establish the procedures by which funds held in accounts shall be allocated to pay for administrative costs;
- Notify the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury when an account has been opened for a designated beneficiary and submit other reports as required under federal law.²⁷

Depositories and managers

The Treasurer must solicit proposals from financial organizations to act as depositories and managers of the ABLE program.²⁸ A "financial organization" is an insurance company, bank, other financial institution or a broker-dealer registered with

²⁶ R.C. 113.53(E)(2) and (3) and (F).

²⁷ R.C. 113.51(A).

²⁸ R.C. 113.52(A).

the Securities and Exchange Commission.²⁹ Financial organizations submitting a proposal must describe the investment instruments that will be held in accounts. The Treasurer may select more than one investment instrument for the program.

When selecting a financial organization or organizations as depositories and managers, the Treasurer must consider the following factors:

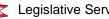
- The financial stability and integrity of the organization; ٠
- The safety of the investment instruments being offered; •
- The ability to satisfy record keeping and reporting requirements under the act;
- The organization's plan for promoting the program and the investment • the organization is willing to make to promote the program;
- The fees that may be charged to account owners; •
- The minimum initial deposit and minimum contributions that the • organization will require;
- The ability of the organization to accept electronic deposits, including payroll deduction plans;
- Other benefits to the state or Ohioans, including fees payable to the state to cover the program's operating expenses.³⁰

Contract requirements

The act permits the Treasurer to enter into management contracts as the Treasurer considers necessary and proper for the implementation of the ABLE program.³¹ The Treasurer also may enter into a contract or a series of contracts with one or more financial organizations for an organization to act as a manager and depository under the ABLE program.³²

³⁰ R.C. 113.52(A).

³² R.C. 113.52(B).



²⁹ R.C. 113.50(E).

³¹ R.C. 113.52(C).

The act requires a contract or series of contracts to contain all of the following requirements upon the financial organization:

- To take any action required to keep the program in compliance with the act's requirements and any actions not contrary to its contract to manage the program to qualify as a qualified ABLE program under federal law;
- To keep adequate records of each account, keep accounts segregated, and provide the Treasurer the information necessary to prepare the statements required by the act;
- To compile and calculate information contained in the statements and provide the Treasurer with the calculations;
- To provide the Treasurer with information to determine the program manager's compliance with the ABLE program, if there is more than one such manager;
- To provide the Treasurer with access to the books and records of the program manager, to the extent necessary to determine compliance with the management contract and state and federal law regarding the ABLE program;
- To hold all accounts for the benefit of the account owner;
- To undergo an audit at least annually by a firm of certified public accountants selected by the manager and provide the results to the Treasurer;
- To provide the Treasurer with copies of all nonconfidential regulatory filings and reports during the management contract or while the financial organization is holding any accounts;
- To make available for review by the Treasurer the results of any periodic examination of the financial organization by any state or federal banking, insurance, or securities agency, except where disclosure is prohibited by law;
- To ensure that the description of the program is consistent with the Treasurer's marketing plan.³³

³³ R.C. 113.52(B)(1) through (10).



The act permits the Treasurer to require an audit to be conducted of the operations and financial position of a program manager at any time if the Treasurer has reason to be concerned about the financial position, record keeping practices, or the status of accounts of the manager.³⁴

Contract termination or expiration

The act permits the Treasurer to terminate or not renew a management contract. The act requires the Treasurer to take custody of accounts held by the program manager and seek to promptly transfer the accounts to another financial organization that is selected as a program manager and into new investment instruments. The new investment instruments must be as similar to the original ones as possible.³⁵

Fees

The act requires the Treasurer to impose and collect administrative fees and service charges in connection with any agreement relating to the ABLE program.³⁶

The act permits the following fees:

- A program manager may charge an annual fee to an account owner for the maintenance of an account;³⁷
- A program manager may charge other fees, payable to the state to cover the program's operating expenses;³⁸
- The Treasurer may impose a nonrefundable application fee.³⁹

Funds created

Ohio ABLE Savings Program Trust Fund

The act creates the Ohio ABLE Savings Program Trust Fund, to be used if the Treasurer elects to accept deposits rather than have deposits sent directly to a program

³⁶ R.C. 113.51(A)(5).

³⁴ R.C. 113.52(C)(2).

³⁵ R.C. 113.52(C)(3) and (E).

³⁷ R.C. 113.52(A)(5) and 113.53(F).

³⁸ R.C. 113.52(A)(8).

³⁹ R.C. 113.53(A).

manager.⁴⁰ The act creates the Fund in the custody of the Treasurer, but excludes it from the state treasury. The Fund is to consist of ABLE account deposits that are not deposited directly with a program manager, and disbursements will be upon an order of the Treasurer. The act requires interest to be credited to the Ohio ABLE Savings Expense Fund.

Ohio ABLE Savings Expense Fund

The act creates the Ohio ABLE Savings Expense Fund in the state treasury.⁴¹ The fund will consist of money received from program managers, governmental or private grants, or appropriations for the program. The act permits all expenses incurred by the Treasurer in developing and administering the ABLE program and all expenses and reimbursements allowed for the ABLE Account Program Advisory Board to be payable from this Fund.

Obligation not created

The act provides that nothing within the ABLE program creates any obligation of the Treasurer, the state, or any state agency to guarantee for the benefit of any account owner or designated beneficiary a return on the principal, a rate of interest or other return on any account, or payment of interest or other return on any account.⁴²

The act requires every contract, application, or other similar document used in connection to the ABLE program to clearly indicate that the account is not insured by the state and that the principal and investment returns are not guaranteed by the state.

Information sharing

The act permits the following agencies, to the extent permitted under federal law, to exchange information relating to eligible individuals for the purpose of administering or enforcing the ABLE program: the Treasurer of State, the Department of Medicaid, the Department of Job and Family Services, the Department of Health, the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, the Department of Developmental Disabilities, Opportunities for Ohioans with Disabilities Agency, and the Department of Aging.⁴³

⁴¹ R.C. 113.55(B).

⁴³ R.C. 113.52(D).



⁴⁰ R.C. 113.55(A).

⁴² R.C. 113.54(A).

Advisory Board

Composition

The act creates the ABLE Account Program Advisory Board, consisting of the following nine members:⁴⁴

(1) The Director of Developmental Disabilities, or the Director's designee;

(2) A member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(3) A member of the Senate, appointed by the President of the Senate;

(4) A representative of an intellectual or developmental disability advocacy organization, appointed by the Governor;

(5) A representative of a service provider for individuals with disabilities, appointed by the Governor;

(6) An individual with significant experience with disability issues who is also the parent of a child with a disability, appointed by the Governor;

(7) An individual with a disability who has significant experience with disability issues, appointed by the Governor;

(8) Two individuals with significant experience in finance, accounting, investment management, or other areas that may assist the Board in carrying out its duties, appointed by the Governor.

Terms

The act establishes the following terms of office: members appointed by the Governor have four year terms, ending on the last day of the year; members of the Ohio General Assembly have terms equal to the term of the General Assembly. Appointed members serve at the pleasure of the member's appointing authority and may be removed only by that authority. Board members may be reappointed, as long as they continue to meet eligibility requirements.

⁴⁴ R.C. 113.56(A).

Vacancies

Vacancies must be filled in the manner provided for original appointments. A member who fills a vacancy serves the remainder of the term for which the predecessor was appointed.⁴⁵

Meetings

The Director of Developmental Disabilities or the Director's designee must call the first Board meeting by December 14, 2015 (60 days after the act's effective date). At that meeting, the members must elect a chairperson. If a vacancy occurs in the office of chairperson, the members must select a new chairperson. The Board must meet at least four times each year, but it may meet more frequently at the call of the chairperson. The Board is also subject to Ohio's Open Meeting laws.⁴⁶

A majority of the Board members constitutes a quorum. To take any action, at least a majority of the Board members must concur. A vacancy on the Board does not impair the right of the other members to exercise all the functions of the Board.⁴⁷

Reimbursement and resources

On request to the Treasurer, each member must be reimbursed for the actual and necessary travel expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties.⁴⁸

The Treasurer must also provide the Board with resources necessary to conduct its business. The Board may accept uncompensated assistance from individuals, research organizations, and other state agencies.⁴⁹

Duties

The act requires the Board to do all of the following:⁵⁰

- Review the work of the Treasurer related to the ABLE program;
- Advise the Treasurer on the ABLE program as requested by the Treasurer;

47 R.C. 113.56(D).

⁵⁰ R.C. 113.56(E)(1).



⁴⁵ R.C. 113.56(B).

⁴⁶ R.C. 113.56(C).

⁴⁸ R.C. 113.56(D).

⁴⁹ R.C. 113.56(F).

- Make recommendations to the Treasurer for the improvement of the ABLE program;
- In consultation with the Treasurer, prepare an annual report of the Board's activities and recommendations, and deliver that report to the Governor, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and President of the Senate.

The Board also may prepare additional reports of its activities and recommendations. If it does so, the Board must deliver the report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House, and President of the Senate.⁵¹

HISTORY

ACTION	DATE
Introduced	04-15-15
Reported, H. Community & Family Advancement	05-13-15
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Reported, S. Ways & Means	06-17-15
Passed Senate (32-0)	06-24-15

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⁵¹ R.C. 113.56(E)(2).

