

## OHIO LEGISLATIVE SERVICE COMMISSION

## **Sub. Bill Comparative Synopsis**

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## Sub. H.B. 233

132nd General Assembly (H. Federalism and Interstate Relations)

This table summarizes how the latest substitute version of the bill differs from the immediately preceding version. It addresses only the topics on which the two versions differ substantively. It does not list topics on which the two bills are substantively the same.

Topic	Previous Version (As Introduced)	Sub. Version (L-132-0078-4)
Exemption from weapons prohibitions	Provides that a concealed handgun licensee or qualified military member is subject to removal but not guilty of any of the following offenses by virtue of being discovered carrying a concealed handgun:	Provides that a concealed handgun licensee or qualified military member is subject to removal but not guilty of any of the following offenses by virtue of being discovered carrying a deadly weapon (or, in the case of (2), below, a firearm):
	(1) Carrying concealed weapons (R.C. 2923.12(F)(4));	(1) Carrying concealed weapons (R.C. 2923.12(F)(4));
	(2) Illegal possession of a firearm in a liquor permit premises (R.C. 2923.121(E)(2));	(2) Illegal possession of a firearm in a liquor permit premises (R.C. 2923.121(E)(2));
	(3) Illegal conveyance or possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone (R.C. 2923.122(E)(1)(b));	(3) Illegal conveyance or possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone (R.C. 2923.122(E)(1)(b));
	(4) Illegal conveyance, possession, or control of	(4) Illegal conveyance, possession, or control of

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	a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance into a courthouse (R.C. 2923.123(D)(3));	a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance into a courthouse (R.C. 2923.123(D)(3));
	(5) Criminal trespass in violation of a sign prohibiting weapons posted on private property or aggravated trespass in violation of a sign posted on the premises of a day-care center (R.C. 2923.126(C)(3)(c)).	(5) Criminal trespass in violation of a sign prohibiting weapons posted on private property or aggravated trespass in violation of a sign posted on the premises of a day-care center (R.C. 2923.126(C)(3)(c)).
Disorderly conduct	Expands the offense of disorderly conduct to prohibit a concealed handgun licensee or qualified military member from carrying a concealed handgun into a prohibited place and doing either of the following:	No provision.
	(a) Refusing or failing to leave the land or premises upon being requested to leave by the owner, lessee, or person in control of the premises or by that individual's agent or employee;	
	(b) Returning within 30 days to the same land or premises while knowingly in possession of a firearm (R.C. 2917.11(C)(1)).	
	Classifies this form of "disorderly conduct" as a fourth degree misdemeanor (R.C. 2917.11(F)(4)).	
Criminal trespass with a deadly weapon	No provision.	Creates the offense of "criminal trespass with a deadly weapon" to prohibit a concealed handgun licensee or qualified military member from knowingly conveying or attempting to convey a deadly weapon into a prohibited place, unless otherwise permitted by law, and doing either of the following:

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		<ul> <li>(a) Refusing or failing to leave upon being discovered and asked to leave by the owner, lessee, or person in control of the premises or by that individual's agent or employee;</li> <li>(b) Returning within 30 days to the same premises while knowingly in possession of a deadly weapon without privilege to do so (R.C. 2923.1214(A)).</li> <li>Classifies "criminal trespass with a deadly</li> </ul>
		weapon" as a fourth degree misdemeanor (R.C. 2923.1214(B)).
Recording violations	Permits a law enforcement officer or security officer to record any violation of the prohibition described above in " <b>Disorderly conduct</b> " to determine whether the person has entered the same land or premises more than once within 30 days while knowingly in possession of a firearm in a place where firearms are prohibited or restricted ( <i>R.C. 2917.11(C)(2)</i> ).	Permits a law enforcement officer or security officer to record any violation of the prohibition described above in "Criminal trespass with a deadly weapon" to determine whether the person has entered the same land or premises more than once within 30 days while knowingly in possession of a deadly weapon (R.C. 2923.1214(C)).
Seizing weapons, ammunition, and accessories	Prohibits a law enforcement officer from seizing or authorizing the seizure of a person's deadly weapon, ammunition, or accessories upon discovering the person carrying a concealed handgun in a prohibited place or in a prohibited manner, except for the duration of an investigative stop, unless the person also refuses to leave or returns within 30 days while knowingly in possession of a firearm (R.C. 2923.12(F)(4), 2923.121(E)(2), 2923.122(E)(1)(b), 2923.123(D)(3), and 2923.126(C)(3)).	Prohibits a law enforcement officer from seizing or authorizing the seizure of a person's deadly weapon, ammunition, or accessories upon discovering the person conveying or attempting to convey a deadly weapon into a place where the weapon is prohibited, except for the duration of an investigative stop, unless the person also refuses to leave or returns within 30 days while knowingly in possession of a deadly weapon without privilege to do so (R.C. 2923.1214(D)).

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Government facilities	No provision.	Allows the governing body with authority over a government facility to permit all or certain specific licensees to carry a concealed handgun into the building or any portion of the building (R.C. 2923.126(B)(7) and 2923.1212(A)(8)).

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