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S.B. 244 132nd General Assembly (As Introduced)

Dolan and Manning, Hottinger, Brown, Lehner, Schiavoni, Wilson, Bacon, Gardner, Sens. Obhof

BILL SUMMARY

Modifies the penalties for the offense of promoting prostitution by expanding the circumstances in which it is a third degree felony and enacting a circumstance in which it is a second degree felony.

CONTENT AND OPERATION

Promoting prostitution – general penalties

The bill modifies the penalties for the offense of promoting prostitution. Under the bill, as under existing law, the offense generally is a fourth degree felony subject to increased penalties that apply in specified circumstances.¹ The bill modifies the specified circumstances so that, under the bill, the circumstances in which increased penalties apply to promoting prostitution are as follows:2

(1) Under the bill, subject to the provision described below in (2), the offense is a third degree felony if any of the following apply: (a) a prostitute in the brothel involved in the offense, or the prostitute whose activities are supervised, managed, or controlled by the offender, or the person transported, induced, or procured by the offender to engage in sexual activity for hire, is a minor, whether or not the offender knows the minor's age, (b) the offender previously has been convicted of promoting prostitution or a substantially similar offense under a law of another state or the United States, or (c) the offender also is convicted of a drug trafficking offense under the Drug Offenses

¹ R.C. 2907.22(B)(1).

² R.C. 2907.22(B)(2) and (3).

Law.³ Currently, the offense is a third degree felony only if the circumstance described in clause (a) of this paragraph applies.

(2) Under the bill, the offense is a second degree felony if the offender previously has been convicted of two or more offenses of promoting prostitution or two or more substantially similar offenses under a law of another state or the United States. Currently, the offense never is a second degree felony.

Promoting prostitution – specification penalties

Firearms specifications

The bill expressly restates the fact that mandatory prison terms required under existing law for persons convicted of a felony and a firearm specification apply with respect to a person convicted of promoting prostitution and one of those specifications. This provision does not change existing law, but, rather, expressly restates it in the promoting prostitution statute. The bill's language states that if an offender convicted of promoting prostitution also is convicted of any of three specified types of existing firearm specifications that was included in the document charging the offense, the court must sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term as provided in a provision of the existing Felony Sentencing Law.⁴ The types of existing firearm specifications referred to in the bill's provision described in this paragraph, unchanged by the bill, and the mandatory prison term required under the existing Felony Sentencing Law provision, unchanged by the bill, with respect to each such specification are:

- (1) A specification charging that the offender had a firearm on or about the offender's person or under the offender's control while committing a felony,⁵ with a mandatory prison term of one year;⁶
- (2) A specification charging that the offender had an automatic firearm or a firearm equipped with a firearm muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under the offender's control while committing the felony,⁷ with a mandatory prison term of six years;⁸

-2-

³ R.C. 2925.03, not in the bill.

⁴ R.C. 2907.22(B)(5).

⁵ R.C. 2941.141, not in the bill.

⁶ R.C. 2929.14(B)(1)(a)(iii), not in the bill.

⁷ R.C. 2941.144, not in the bill.

⁸ R.C. 2929.14(B)(1)(a)(i), not in the bill.

(3) A specification charging that the offender had a firearm on or about the offender's person or under the offender's control while committing the felony and displayed, brandished, or indicated possession of the firearm or used it to facilitate the offense,⁹ with a mandatory prison term of three years.¹⁰

Human trafficking specification

Current law, unchanged by the bill, expressly states that if an offender convicted of promoting prostitution also is convicted of a specification that was included in the document charging the offense and that charges that the offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance of human trafficking, the court must sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term and order the offender to make restitution as provided in existing provisions of the Felony Sentencing Law, unchanged by the bill. The mandatory restitution required under the existing Felony Sentencing Law provision is the greater of: the gross income or value to the offender of the victim's labor or services; or the value of the victim's labor as guaranteed under federal minimum wage and overtime provisions and state labor laws. 12 The mandatory prison term required under the existing Felony Sentencing Law provision depends on the degree of the underlying offense. The required mandatory prison terms that are relevant to promoting prostitution under existing law, the bill, or both provide as follows (other portions of the existing provision pertain to mandatory prison terms when the underlying offense is a first or fifth degree felony, but those portions are not relevant to promoting prostitution under either existing law or the bill and are not summarized):13

- (1) If the underlying offense is a fourth degree felony, the mandatory prison term is 18 months for a fourth degree felony and 12 months for a fifth degree felony this provision applies to promoting prostitution regarding fourth degree felonies under both the bill and existing law.
- (2) If the underlying offense is a second or third degree felony, the mandatory prison term is a definite term of three years to eight years for a second degree felony and three years to 36 months for a third degree felony this provision applies to promoting prostitution regarding third degree felonies under both the bill and existing law and regarding second degree felonies under the bill but not under existing law.

⁹ R.C. 2941.145, not in the bill.

¹⁰ R.C. 2929.14(B)(1)(a)(ii), not in the bill.

¹¹ R.C. 2907.22(B)(4).

¹² R.C. 2929.18(B)(8), not in the bill.

¹³ R.C. 2929.14(B)(7).

Promoting prostitution – elements of the offense and definitions

The existing prohibition under the offense of promoting prostitution, unchanged by the bill, prohibits a person from knowingly: (1) establishing, maintaining, operating, managing, supervising, controlling, or having an interest in a brothel or any other enterprise a purpose of which is to facilitate engagement in sexual activity for hire, (2) supervising, managing, or controlling the activities of a prostitute in engaging in sexual activity for hire, (3) transporting another, or causing another to be transported, in order to facilitate the other person's engaging in sexual activity for hire, or (4) for the purpose of violating or facilitating a violation of any of the portions of the prohibition described in clause (1), (2), or (3), inducing or procuring another to engage in sexual activity for hire.¹⁴

The following existing definitions are relevant to the prohibition:15

"Sexual activity" means sexual conduct or sexual contact, or both. As used in this definition: "sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between persons regardless of sex; and, without privilege to do so, the insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal opening of another (penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete vaginal or anal intercourse); and "sexual contact" means any touching of an erogenous zone of another, including without limitation the thigh, genitals, buttock, pubic region, or, if the person is a female, a breast, for the purpose of sexually arousing or gratifying either person.

"<u>Prostitute</u>" means a male or female who promiscuously engages in sexual activity for hire, regardless of whether the hire is paid to the prostitute or to another.

HISTORY
ACTION
Introduced
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¹⁴ R.C. 2907.22(A).
¹⁵ R C 2907 01 not in the hill