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# H.B. 523 132nd General Assembly (As Introduced)

Lanese and Perales Reps.

#### **BILL SUMMARY**

## Child abuse reporting

Adds a dog warden, deputy dog warden, or other person appointed to act as an animal control officer for a municipal corporation or township to the list of professionals who must immediately report child abuse to a public children services agency (PCSA) or peace officer.

## Child abuse or neglect or domestic violence by an armed forces member

- Requires a PCSA to determine if the person alleged to have inflicted the child abuse or neglect serves in the armed forces and, if so, to notify the Department of Defense Family Advocacy Program of the allegation.
- Requires a peace officer to determine if the person alleged to have committed domestic violence serves in the armed forces and, if so, to notify the Department of Defense Family Advocacy Program of the allegation.

# Animal abuse reporting

- Generally prohibits a veterinarian, veterinary technician, or a specified social service or counseling professional from recklessly failing to report abuse of a companion animal (e.g. a dog or cat) or horse.
- Requires the report to be made to a law enforcement officer, humane society agent, or animal control-type professional.
- Similarly prohibits a law enforcement officer, humane society agent, or animal control-type professional from recklessly failing to report abuse of a companion

animal or horse to an appropriate social service professional under specified circumstances.

- Specifies that a violation of either prohibition is a fourth degree misdemeanor.
- Sets forth the information that must be included in a report, including a description
  of the animal and the nature and extent of the suspected abuse.
- Specifies that a person required to make an animal abuse report is immune from civil or criminal liability in connection with making the report when the report is made in good faith.
- Prohibits individuals required to report animal abuse from knowingly making a
  false report, and specifies that a violation of the prohibition is a fourth degree
  misdemeanor.

#### Counselors, social workers, marriage and family therapists

- Reduces, from 30 to 15, the number of hours of continuing education that a person holding a certificate of registration as a social work assistant must complete as a condition of renewing the certificate of registration.
- Requires the Counselor, Social Worker, and Marriage and Family Therapist Board to
  establish a schedule of deadlines for biennially renewing a license or certificate of
  registration issued under the Counselor, Social Worker, and Marriage and Family
  Therapist Law.
- Eliminates a requirement that a counselor, social worker, or marriage and family therapist prominently display the person's license in a particular location and manner.

#### CONTENT AND OPERATION

### Child abuse reporting

The bill adds a dog warden, deputy dog warden, or other person appointed to act as an animal control officer for a municipal corporation or township<sup>1</sup> to the list of professionals who must immediately report child abuse (when acting in an official or professional capacity). These individuals must report the abuse to the public children services agency (PCSA) or municipal or county peace officer in the county in which the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In accordance with state law, an ordinance, or a resolution.



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child resides or in which the abuse or neglect is occurring or has occurred.<sup>2</sup> A violation of the prohibition is generally a fourth degree misdemeanor.<sup>3</sup>

## Child abuse or neglect or domestic violence by an armed forces member

The bill requires notification to the Department of Defense Family Advocacy Program regarding reports of child abuse and neglect and domestic violence allegedly perpetrated by persons serving in the armed forces. Under the bill, "armed forces" means the armed forces of the United States, including:

- The army, navy, air force, marine corps, coast guard, or any reserve components of those forces;
- The national guard of any state;
- The commissioned corps of the United States public health service;
- The merchant marine service during wartime; such other service as may be designated by congress; or
- The Ohio organized militia when engaged in full-time national guard duty for a period of more than thirty days.<sup>4</sup>

#### Child abuse or neglect investigation

The bill requires a PCSA investigating a report of child abuse or neglect to determine if the person alleged to have inflicted the abuse or neglect is serving in the armed forces. If the PCSA determines the person is serving in the armed forces, it must notify the Department of Defense Family Advocacy Program of the allegation. The bill makes the notification an exception to current law that imposes confidentiality child abuse or neglect reports.<sup>5</sup>

### **Domestic violence investigation**

The bill requires a peace officer investigating an allegation of domestic violence to determine if the person alleged to have committed the violation serves in the armed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> R.C. 2151.4210(B); R.C. 2151.421(I), not in the bill.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R.C. 2151.421(A)(1)(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R.C. 2151.99(A), not in the bill.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> R.C. 2515.4210(A) and 2919.252(A)(2); R.C. 5903.01, not in the bill.

forces. If the officer determines the person serves in the armed forces, the officer must notify the Department of Defense Family Advocacy Program of the allegation.<sup>6</sup>

Under the bill, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in Ohio's Criminal Code addressing the law of arrest, citation, and disposition alternatives and includes a large number of persons such as, for example, sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, marshals, deputy marshals, municipal police, regional transit authority police, state university law enforcement officers, veterans' home police officers, township police, and the House and Senate Sergeant at Arms.<sup>7</sup>

## **Animal abuse reporting**

The bill establishes two criminal prohibitions that apply to specific individuals who fail to report animal abuse-type offenses involving a companion animal or a horse. A companion animal is any animal that is kept inside a residential dwelling, other than a wild animal, and any dog or cat regardless of where it is kept. The offenses for which reporting is required include animal cruelty, abandoning an animal, poisoning an animal, dog fighting, and sexual conduct with an animal.<sup>8</sup> A violation of either of the new prohibitions is a fourth degree misdemeanor.<sup>9</sup>

The first prohibition applies to a licensed veterinarian, registered veterinary technician, social service professional, or other person licensed as a counselor, social worker, or marriage and family therapist (when acting in an official or professional capacity). Such persons are prohibited from recklessly failing to immediately report abuse of a companion animal or horse to an officer when that person has knowledge or reasonable cause to suspect that such abuse has occurred or is occurring. An officer is any law enforcement officer, agent of a county humane society, dog warden, deputy dog warden, or other person appointed to act as an animal control officer for a municipal corporation or township. A social service professional is an employee of a private or public children services agency or an employee of a county department of job and family services with responsibility for protective services.<sup>10</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> R.C. 2919.252(B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> R.C. 2919.252(A)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Chapter 959. of the Revised Code for complete descriptions of these offenses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> R.C. 959.07 and 959.99(C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> R.C. 959.07(A) and (B).

Second, the bill prohibits an officer (operating in an official or professional capacity) from recklessly failing to immediately report abuse of a companion animal or horse to an appropriate social service professional when both of the following apply:

- (1) The officer has knowledge or reasonable cause to suspect that such abuse has occurred or is occurring; and
- (2) The officer has knowledge or reasonable cause to suspect that a child or older adult resides with the alleged abuser.<sup>11</sup>

The bill therefore establishes a "cross reporting" relationship as shown below:

A licensed veterinarian, An officer must registered veterinary immediately report abuse technician, social service of a companion animal or professional, or other horse to an appropriate person licensed as a social service professional counselor, social worker, or when the officer: marriage and family (1) Has knowledge or therapist must immediately reasonable cause to report abuse of a suspect such abuse has companion animal or horse occurred or is occuring; to an officer when that and person has knowledge or (2) Suspects that a child or reasonable cause to older adult resides with the suspect such abuse has alleged abuser. occurred or is occuring.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> R.C. 959.08.

#### Contents of a report

Under the bill, a person required to make a report may do so orally or in writing and must include all of the following in the report:

- (1) A description of the animal involved and the animal's name, if known;
- (2) The address and telephone number of the owner or other person responsible for the care of the animal, if known;
  - (3) The nature and extent of the suspected abuse;
- (4) Any other information that the person making the report believes may be useful in establishing the existence of the suspected violation or the identity of the violator.<sup>12</sup>

#### Civil immunity and false reporting

The bill prohibits a person required to report animal abuse from knowingly making a false report. A violation of this prohibition is a fourth degree misdemeanor. However, a person required to make a report under the bill is immune from civil or criminal liability in connection with making the report if the person acted in good faith when making it.<sup>13</sup>

A court must award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the prevailing party in a civil or criminal action or judicial proceeding if it is proved that participation in making the report was not in good faith. In addition, a court may award those fees and costs to the party against whom a civil action or proceeding is brought in which it is alleged that participation in the making of the report was not in good faith when the action or proceeding is voluntarily dismissed.<sup>14</sup>

# Counselors, social workers, marriage and family therapists

#### Social work assistant continuing education

The bill reduces, from 30 to 15, the number of clock hours of continuing professional education a person holding a certificate of registration as a social work assistant must complete during the two-year period the certificate of registration is in effect. Under continuing law, completing continuing education is a condition of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> R.C. 959.09(D).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> R.C. 959.09(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> R.C. 959.09(B) and (C) and R.C. 959.99(C).

renewing a certificate of registration unless the Counselor, Social Worker, and Marriage and Family Therapist Board waives the requirement because a person cannot complete the hours for any of the following reasons:

- Military service;
- Illness;
- Residence abroad;
- Any other reason that is acceptable to the relevant professional standards committee created within the Board under continuing law.<sup>15</sup>

#### Renewal schedule

The bill requires the Board to establish a schedule of deadlines for biennially renewing a license or certificate of registration issued under the Counselor, Social Worker, and Marriage and Family Therapist Law.<sup>16</sup> Currently, a license or certificate of registration expires two years after it is issued. Under the bill, a license or certificate of registration is valid without further recommendation or examination until it is revoked or suspended or until it expires for failure to renew in accordance with the Board's schedule. Continuing law allows a license or certificate of registration to be renewed in accordance with the standard renewal procedure.<sup>17</sup>

A license or certificate of registration in effect on the bill's effective date continues in effect until the first biennial renewal date established in the Board's rules. No license or certificate in effect on the bill's effective date is valid for more than three years after the bill's effective date.<sup>18</sup>

#### License display

The bill eliminates a requirement that a counselor, social worker, or marriage and family therapist prominently display the person's license in an easy to see and read manner and in a conspicuous place in either the person's office or the place where the person conducts a major portion of the person's practice.<sup>19</sup>

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<sup>15</sup> R.C. 4757.33.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> R.C. Chapter 4757.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> R.C. 4757.10 and 4757.32, by reference to R.C. Chapter 4745.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> R.C. 4757.13.

# **HISTORY**

**ACTION** DATE

02-21-18 Introduced

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